House Bill 1370

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By: Representatives Smith of the 70th, Lane of the 167th, and Hill of the 180th

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 12 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to conservation and natural resources, and Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to state government, so as to revise provisions relating to the grant or denial of certain permits relating to environmental protection; to provide for deference by administrative law judges on technical issues within the specialized knowledge of the agency decision-maker when reviewing permits; to specify the level of professional registration required for reviews and certain kinds of applications relating to permits issued by the Environmental Protection Division; to provide that no water withdrawal, water diversion, or water impoundment permit or other permit issued by the director shall be deemed invalid on grounds that any employee reviewing the application was or was not registered or licensed by a professional licensing board; to provide that certain applications for air emission permits must be certified by a professional engineer registered to practice in Georgia; to provide that the Office of State Administrative Hearings shall assign one or more administrative law judges, as needed, to review the grant or denial of environmental permits, variances, or other approvals; to provide an effective date; to provide for applicability; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

18 SECTION 1.

19 Title 12 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to conservation and natural

20 resources, is amended in Code Section 12-1-2, relating to references to an administrative law

21 judge or hearing officer, references to final decision of Board of Natural Resources, and

22 filing request for administrative review, by adding a new subsection (d) to read as follows:

23 "(d) In any administrative review of the grant or denial of any permit, variance, or other

approval provided for in this title where the decision to grant or deny involves specialized

25 technical or scientific expertise on the part of the person or entity making the decision, an

administrative law judge shall afford deference to the action by such person or entity on technical or scientific issues within the specialized knowledge of such person or entity, so long as the grant or denial of such permit, variance, or other approval is not contrary to law and not unreasonable."

SECTION 2.

Said title is further amended in Code Section 12-2-2, relating to the Environmental Protection
Division of the Department of Natural Resources, by adding a new subparagraph (c)(2)(E)
to read as follows:

"(c)(2)(E) No water withdrawal, water diversion, or water impoundment permit or any other permit, permit amendment, variance, or other approval issued by the director shall be deemed invalid on the grounds that the employee reviewing the permit application was or was not licensed or registered by a professional licensing board as defined in paragraph (3) of Code Section 43-1-1 so long as the reviewing employee has the training, qualification, and expertise specified by the director or the board as necessary to carry out such review."

41 SECTION 3.

Said title is further amended in Code Section 12-9-7, relating to the permit required for air emissions, by revising subsection (b) as follows:

- "(b) Applications for permits shall be submitted in such manner, on such forms, and contain such information as the director prescribes and which he the director deems necessary to make a determination of compliance with this article and the rules and regulation regulations promulgated pursuant to this article. The director may develop and require the use of standard application forms and establish evaluation criteria for expediently determining the completeness of such applications; provided, however, that the director at a minimum shall establish forms and criteria necessary to comply with the federal act. In addition to any other criteria established by the director, all permit applications shall be accompanied by:
 - (1) A compliance plan containing such schedules, reports, plans, documentation, and other information as may be required by the rules or regulations promulgated pursuant to this article and such additional information as the director may require to demonstrate a source's or facility's compliance or proposed compliance with the requirements of this article and the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this article; and
- 58 (2) Any and all applicable fees for processing the permit application and any other fee 59 which the source or facility must pay pursuant to this article; and

(3) For those permits that must comply with the technology based standards set forth in the federal act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 7412, 7475, and 7503, as implemented by the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this article, a certificate from a professional engineer registered to practice in Georgia stating that he or she is responsible for the required pollution control technology review and that the proposed permit emission limit or limits meet the applicable technology based standards of the federal act, the rules and regulations promulgated under the federal act, and the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this article."

68 SECTION 4.

Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to state government, is amended in Code Section 50-13-40, relating to creation of the Office of State Administrative Hearings, by adding a new subsection (f) and redesignating former subsection (f) as follows:

"(f)(1) The General Assembly finds that the review of the grant or denial of permits under Title 12, relating to conservation and natural resources, frequently involves specialized technical or scientific expertise on the part of the person or entity making the decision. The General Assembly finds that review of such matters frequently requires utilization of a hearing officer with special knowledge of the subject matter, but that review of such matters should continue to be handled through the Office of State Administrative Hearings to ensure an independent administrative review.

(2) The chief state law administrative judge shall assign one or more of the full-time assistant administrative law judges to review exclusively or primarily the matters referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection, as needed, to ensure that all or most of such matters shall be reviewed by a full-time assistant administrative law judge who is so assigned. To the maximum extent possible, the chief state law administrative judge shall conduct the selection and training of the full-time assistant administrative law judges so assigned to attain the goal of having such full-time assistant administrative law judges have the special knowledge referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prohibit the assignment of such a matter to a special assistant administrative law judge as provided in paragraph (2) or (4) of subsection (e) of this Code section.

(f)(g) The chief state administrative law judge and any administrative law judge employed on a full-time basis: (1) shall not otherwise engage in the practice of law; and (2) shall not, except in the performance of his or her duties in a contested case, render legal advice or assistance to any state board, bureau, commission, department, agency, or officer."

94 SECTION 5.

- 95 This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law
- 96 without such approval. Section 1 of this Act shall apply with respect to all administrative
- 97 decisions on or after such effective date.

98 SECTION 6.

99 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.